

On the way to systematize habituation: a protocol to minimize the effects of observer presence on wild groups of *Leontocebus lagonotus*

[On the way to systematize habituation: a protocol to minimize the effects of observer presence on wild groups of *Leontocebus lagonotus*](https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s10329-020-00877-4) | SpringerLink

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the SpringerLink article page. The browser's address bar shows the URL: <https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s10329-020-00877-4>. The page features a navigation bar with the SpringerLink logo, a search bar, and a 'Log in' link. Below the navigation bar, the article title is prominently displayed: 'On the way to systematize habituation: a protocol to minimize the effects of observer presence on wild groups of *Leontocebus lagonotus*'. The authors listed are Sara Vicente-Alonso, Lidia Sánchez-Sánchez, and Sara Álvarez Solas. The article is identified as an 'Original Article' published on 11 January 2021. It has received 256 accesses and is associated with the journal 'Primates', volume 62, pages 407-415 (2021). A 'Buy article PDF' button is visible, priced at USD 39.95, with a note that the price includes VAT for Ecuador and provides instant access to the full article PDF. Other options include 'Rent this article via DeepDive' and 'Learn more about institutional subscriptions'. The 'Abstract' section is partially visible, starting with 'Habituation is used in most field research with primates to minimize observer effects on their behavior. Despite its importance, there is little published on the methods used to habituate different taxa of primates or how these methods vary in different habitat types. We assessed changes in behavior and space use of two groups of *Leontocebus lagonotus* in the Ecuadorian Amazon in order to document this process. Although the subjects had not been studied before, visitors and researchers were more frequently in the home range of Group 1 than of Group 2. We followed both groups for 2 months, collecting behavioral data through scan sampling and recording the use of space (ground, understorey, subcanopy, and canopy) and the routes along which we followed the groups. We then divided our data into two equivalent stages,'. The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows the system clock as 03:00 p.m. on 04/04/2023, with a temperature of 24°C and the language set to ESP.